Safe in School  October 5, 2018

Use this week’s issue of TIME for Kids (Edition 5–6) to answer the questions. For each question, circle the letter next to the best answer.

RI.5.1; RI.6.1

1. From which country did the Rohingya children flee?
   A. Bangladesh
   B. Myanmar
   C. India
   D. China

RI.5.7; RI.6.7

5. You can tell from looking at the photos that in Bangladesh, Rohingya children are
   A. forced to do hard labor.
   B. barred from going to school.
   C. encouraged to study and play.
   D. forbidden to play sports.

RI.5.8; RI.6.8

6. The author writes that “steps are being taken to improve access to education.” What evidence supports this claim?
   A. The Rohingya are a Muslim minority in Myanmar.
   B. Rohingya refugees attend class in two-hour shifts.
   C. UNICEF and partners hope to open 565 more learning centers by the end of 2018.
   D. Rohingya children who attend the Golap Child Learning Center have become happy.

RI.5.4; RI.6.4

4. What is the meaning of genocide, in paragraph 7?
   A. the deliberate destruction of a large group of people
   B. the covering up of war crimes
   C. the illegal imprisonment of a group of people
   D. the withdrawal of troops from an area of conflict

RI.5.5; RI.6.5

7. In the section titled “A Path Forward,” the author describes
   A. the obstacles the Rohingya face in Myanmar.
   B. how aid workers are trying to improve life in Myanmar.
   C. a typical school day for Rohingya children.
   D. the Rohingya’s journey from Myanmar to Bangladesh.

RI.5.1; RI.6.1

8. Aid workers are keeping refugees safe from the monsoon season by
   A. paving dirt roads with brick.
   B. anchoring shelters with steel pegs and rope.
   C. replacing bamboo shelters with brick ones.
   D. both A and B

RI.5.1; RI.6.1

9. The Rohingya refugee children stay positive by
   A. keeping a daily journal.
   B. doing yoga every morning.
   C. reciting inspirational poetry.
   D. singing the civil-rights anthem “We Shall Overcome.”

RI.5.2; RI.6.2

10. This story is mainly about how
    A. education has given Rohingya refugees new hope.
    B. Aid workers are building learning centers for refugees.
    C. the Rohingya are fleeing Myanmar for Bangladesh.
    D. the Myanmar military carried out attacks on the Rohingya.

Bonus Read the words from the civil-rights anthem “We Shall Overcome” in the last paragraph. How might singing these words help the Rohingya refugees stay positive?